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- 1. In November 1951, the Rostock-registered drifter ROS 103 was fishing off Pillau (Baltiisk). To hospitalize a sick crew member, the ROS 103 planned to enter Pillau harbor and steered for this port at 3 a.m. then the drifter was about 14 to 15 nautical miles off the coast, all coast lights were suddenly extinguished. \* The drifter was forced to stop by a Soviet Gestroyer which Approached at high speed from the direction of Pillau and, with guns trained, circled her at a distance of about 1,000 meters. Then three swill dussian mand vessels criived after daybrea's from the direction of Pillau, the destroyer turned away in a northerly direction.
- 2. The destroyer was about 100 beters long and had a straight stem, a raised forecastle and two funnels with slanting toos. In front of the bridge was a gun of about 150 nm caliber. Behind the bridge was a mast with a signal yard and a searchelight platform. One set of triple torpedo tubes was between the two funnels and another one was between the after lunner and the cabin structure. The torpedo firing positions were roofed with a glass hood and another 150 mm gun was on the quarter-dack. A gun of about 150 mm was on the cabin structure. On the forward edge of the cabin structure were two twin Al machine guns of about 20 mm caliber. The destroyer was painted erroy and had a Cyrillic letter with a two-digit number on her sides.
- 3. The hard vessels were the size of the former derman alteraft rescha vessels. They had one 30 to 40-mm run on the forecastle and one on the quarter-deck. The bridge was an open type bridge and had a heavy machine run on each wing. Behind the bridge was a mast, about 3 meters high, with a pot-shaped object, apparently hade of plastic, at its head. The guard vessels had no names or designations.
- 4. Then a detail of Soviet soldiers commanded by an officer had bearded the drifter, and sentries were nosted on the bridge and requantor ways, the whole crew of the ROS 103 was ordered.

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to go below, and each crew member was taken individually on dock to be interrogated. Each member had to give his life story and information on relatives living and verking in Lestern Germany. Only after 3% hours could the sick man be embarked on one of the guard vessels which proceeded to Pillau; the drifter was not allowed to enter Fillau harbor.

- 5. Escorted by the two other mand vessels, the ROS 103 had to proceed to Beakuhren (Pionerskiy) (540508N/20014E) and tie up there. Bruester Ort light was extinguished during this night passage. On the jetty of Neukuhren was a wooden observation tower, about 10 meters high, with a searchlight and a machine can manned by a sentry. About 20 fishing cutters and one drifter were in the harbor in Beakuhren, about 8 to 10 low wooden structures were on the shore, a stone building, about 50 meters long, was built near the harbor basin by laborers under guard. The crew of drifter ROS 103 noted a large number of sailors of the Soviet Navy in the harbor area but saw no Soviet warships.
- 6. After a period of three days, during which her crew was frequently interrogated, the RV 103 was allowed to leave nort under escent of the guard vessels which, after reaching the 12-mile zone, turned in the direction of Pillan. The drifter centinued her fishing operations near Libru (Lopaya). There, a Soviet single-engine biplone circled over her at intervals of five hours, each time approaching from the direction of Libru. It disappeared, flying parallel with the coest, which could not be seen from aboard the drifter, \*\*

25X1A	衸	Comment. The blackout of coastal lights apparently is
25X1A	兴县	routine whenever suspicious vessels are approaching.  Comment. The ROS 103 is named Friedrich Engels, has the signal letters DHSC, and is registered in Rostock. The ROS 103
		is one of the drifters which are fishing for the fishery combine in Rostock-darienche,
		Soviet Zone of Germany. These drifters are employed chiefly
		in the Bay of Danzig, off Libau (herays) in the Gotland Deep, the North Sea and the Arctic. They are usually at sea for
		between 3 or 4 weeks. In January 1952 they were organized into brigades of four vessels. The brigade leader is the senior
		captain of the group. He has a political officer aboard his vessel, who trains the crews of the individual vessels during

the voyage.

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